- WAC 110-15-3560 Consumers' rights. When a consumer applies for or receives SCC program subsidies, the consumer has the right to:
- (1) Be free from discrimination in accordance with all applicable federal and state nondiscrimination laws, regulations and policies;
- (2) Have the consumer's application accepted and acted upon within thirty days;
- (3) Be informed, in writing, of the consumer's legal rights and responsibilities related to the SCC subsidy program;
- (4) Have the consumer's information shared with other agencies only when required by federal or state regulations;
- (5) Be allowed to choose a licensed or certified child care provider as long as the provider meets requirements in WAC 170-290-3750;
- (6) Receive a written notice at least ten days before changes are made to lower or stop benefits except as stated in WAC 170-290-3730;
- (7) Ask for an administrative hearing if the consumer does not agree with a decision per WAC 170-290-3860;
- (8) Ask to speak to a supervisor or administrator at DSHS to review a decision or action affecting the consumer's benefits without affecting the consumer's right to an administrative hearing;
- (9) Have interpreter or translator services provided by DSHS within a reasonable amount of time and at no cost to the consumer;
- (10) Refuse to speak to a fraud early detection (FRED) investigator from the DSHS office of fraud and accountability (OFA) when they ask to come into your home.
- (a) This refusal will not affect eligibility for SCC program subsidies.
- (b) If the consumer refuses to cooperate with the investigator at a later date, it could affect the consumer's SCC program subsidies.
- (11) Access the consumer's child at all times while the child is in child care;
- (12) Terminate child care without cause and without notice to the provider. Notice must be given to DSHS within five days of termination;
- (13) Not be charged by the consumer's licensed or certified provider, or be made to pay, for the difference between the child care provider's private rate and the state maximum child care subsidy rate, when the provider's private rate for child care is higher than the maximum state rate; and
- (14) Not be charged by the consumer's licensed or certified provider, or be made to pay for:
- (a) The difference between the provider's registration fee and the state's maximum registration fee when the provider's registration fee is higher;
  - (b) Any day when the consumer's child is absent;
  - (c) Vacation days when the provider chooses to close;
  - (d) A higher amount than the state allows for field trips;
- (e) A preschool tuition fee in addition to regular child care services; or
- (f) Child care services after the final day of care when the provider stops caring for the consumer's children.

[WSR 18-14-078, recodified as § 110-15-3560, filed 6/29/18, effective 7/1/18. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.215.060, 43.215.070, and chapter 43.215 RCW. WSR 16-09-059, § 170-290-3560, filed 4/15/16, effective 5/16/16; WSR 12-11-025, § 170-290-3560, filed 5/8/12, effective 6/8/12; WSR 11-12-078, § 170-290-3560, filed 5/31/11, effective 7/1/11. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.215.060, 43.215.070, 2006 c 265,

and chapter 43.215 RCW. WSR 09-22-043, § 170-290-3560, filed 10/28/09, effective 12/1/09.]